

NCDP 2023 ABSTRACT

TITLE

CORRELATION OF SELF ESTEEM WITH EXAM ANXIETY IN ADOLESCENTS.

A STUDY FROM PCMC PUNE, MAHARASHTRA

PART OF MULTICENTRIC YOUTH SURVEY BY AACCI (ASSOCIATION OF ADOLESCENT AND CHILD CARE IN INDIA)

AUTHORS

SWATI Y BHAVE¹, SANDEEP G KAVADE², ARCHANA S KAVADE³

AFFILIATIONS

¹ EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AACCI & PROFESSOR EMERITUS DR DY PATIL MEDICAL COLLEGE & RESEARCH CENTRE, PIMPRI, PUNE, HEAD OF ADOLESCENT CLINIC, JEHANGIR HOSPITAL & RESEARCH CENTER, PUNE

² NATIONAL INCHARGE PARENTING FORUM, AACCI & ADOLESCENT HEALTH EXPERT, BHOSARI PUNE

³ MEMBER AACCI PCB, PUNE & CHILD DEVELOPMENT CONSULTANT, BHOSARI PUNE

Communication

Email: sandeepkavade@gmail.com

Mobile: 9011095490

Abstract

Background

Examination anxiety is a major cause of stress in adolescents and can lead to poor performance despite adequate preparation. AACCI has been conducting Life Skills Education Programs in schools to develop Self-awareness and Self-esteem.

Aims

This study evaluated the relationship between Self-esteem and Exam Anxiety in School children.

Methods

School chosen - rapport with author 2.

Sample: 416 students (10-17 years males 53.4%, females 46.6%), from Upper SEC in PCMC, Pune sch-1 (223) sch-2 (193).

Tool

1) The Rosenberg Self-esteem Scale (RSES) range 10-40. Normal range 25 - 35. Low self-esteem <25

2) FTAS (Friedman Bendas-Jacob Test Anxiety Scale) with subfactors Social Derogation (SD) Cognitive Obstruction (CO) tenseness (T). (Range 0-23.)

Ethical clearance: AACCI IEC

Consent: Permission from the principal and parents, and consent/assent from children.

Statistical analysis: GNU PSPP (ver. 1.4.1)

Results

Mean scores

RS Self-esteem scores (RSES): 28.8 ± 4.2 (normal level)

FTAS total (TFTAS) 8.2 ± 5.22 / SD 3.7 ± 2.6 / CO 1.9 ± 2.0 / T 2.5 ± 1.87

1)

| Table 1 – co-relation between RSES, total FTAS and subfactor scores N=416 | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Variables | Correlation coefficient | | |
| | Sch-1 (n=223) | Sch-2 (n=193) | All students (n=416) |
| RSES and total FTAS | -.57* | -.52* | -.55* |
| RSES and SD | -.46* | -.34* | -.41* |
| RSES and CO | -.54* | -.55* | -.55* |
| RSES and T | -.42* | -.33* | -.38* |
| * p<.001 | | | |

- 2) Highest negative correlation RSES & and total FTAS scores -female middle adolescents $r(85) = .67, p < .001$
- 3) Simple regression between RSES and FTAS scores significant. $R^2 = .30, f(1,414) = 180.11, p < .001$.

Interpretations

- 1) Moderate negative correlation - self-esteem scores and both TFTAS and subfactor scores
- 2) Higher self-esteem associated with lower exam anxiety most significant in mid Adolescence girls.

Conclusions

- 1) Good Self-esteem can help helps adolescents to face exam anxiety.
- 2) Enhancing self-esteem improve their coping skills in all domains.